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1) Kurvendiskussion

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^4 - \frac{8}{3}x^3 + 6x^2$$

1. keine Symmetrie

$$f(x) \neq f(-x)$$

$$f(-x) \neq -f(x)$$

2. Nullstellen

$$F(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^4 - \frac{8}{3}x^3 + 6x^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{8}{3}x + 6 \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 8x + 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4 \pm \sqrt{-2}$$

$$x = 0$$

3. Verhalten für $|x| \rightarrow \infty$

$$x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$x \rightarrow -\infty \Rightarrow f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

4. Ableitungen

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{3}x^3 - 8x^2 + 12x$$

$$f''(x) = 4x^2 - 16x + 12$$

$$f'''(x) = 8x - 16$$

5. Extremstellen

$$f'(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{3}x^3 - 8x^2 + 12x = 0$$

$$x \left(\frac{4}{3}x^2 - 8x + 12 \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$$

$$x = 3 \pm \sqrt{9-9}$$

$$x_{E_1} = 3 \quad x_{E_2} = 0$$

$$f''(x_{E_1}) = 4 \cdot 9 - 16 \cdot 3 + 12 = 0$$

$$f'''(x_{E_1}) = 8 \cdot 3 - 16 = 8 \neq 0$$

\Rightarrow Sattelpunkt

$$f''(x_{E_2}) = 12 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{Minimum}$$

T (0|0) Sattelpunkt (3|9)

6. Wendestellen

$$f''(x) = 0$$

$$4x^2 - 16x + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2 \pm \sqrt{4-3}$$

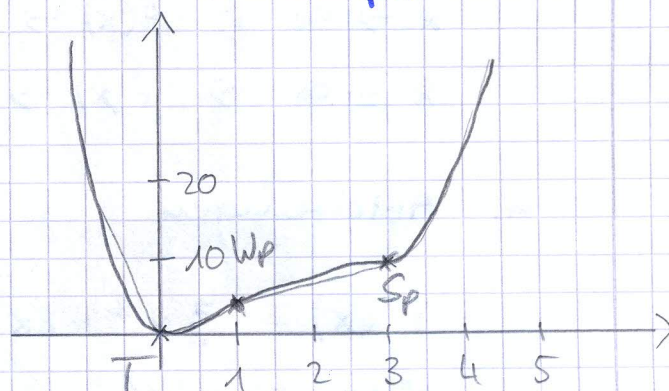
$$x_{W_1} = 3 \quad x_{W_2} = 1$$

$$f'''(x_{W_1}) = 8 \cdot 3 - 16 = 8$$

$$f'''(x_{W_2}) = 8 \cdot 1 - 16 = -8$$

$W_1 (3|9)$ $W_2 (1|\frac{2}{3})$

7. Graph



$$2) f(x) = a \cdot x^5 + b \cdot x^3 + c \cdot x$$

$$f'(x) = 5ax^4 + 3bx^2 + c$$

$$f''(x) = 20ax^3 + 6bx$$

$$\text{I } f(-1) = 1 \Rightarrow -a - b - c = 1$$

$$\text{II } f'(-1) = 3 \Rightarrow 5a + 3b + c = 3$$

$$\text{III } f''(-1) = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{-20a - 6b = 0}$$

$$\text{I+II } 4a + 2b = 4 \quad | \cdot 3$$

$$\underline{-20a - 6b = 0}$$

$$12a + 6b = 12$$

$$\underline{-20a - 6b = 0}$$

$$-8a = 12$$

$$\underline{a = -1,5}$$

$$-6 + 2b = 4$$

$$2b = 10$$

$$\underline{b = 5}$$

$$1,5 - 5 - c = 1$$

$$c = -4,5$$

$$f(x) = -1,5x^5 + 5x^3 - 4,5x$$

$$3) f(x) = ax^4 + bx^2 + c$$

$$f'(x) = 4ax^3 + 2bx$$

$$f''(x) = 12ax^2 + 2b$$

$$\text{I } f(1) = 0 \quad a + b + c = 0$$

$$\text{II } f'(1) = 1 \quad 4a + 2b = 1$$

$$\text{III } f''(1) = 0 \quad \underline{12a + 2b = 0}$$

$$8a = -1$$

$$\underline{a = -\frac{1}{8}}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} + 2b = 1$$

$$b = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow c = -\frac{5}{8}$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{8}x^4 + \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{5}{8}$$